UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK	v
ANIBAL VILLA, JR.,	-Λ

Plaintiff,

Shield No. 4574, SGT. "JOHN" HARRINGTON, DET.

CUADRADO, DET. "JOHN" PABON, DET. "JOHN"

RAMOS, DET. "JOHN" NEGRON, DET. "JOHN"

fictitious, as the true names are presently unknown),

-against-

THE CITY OF NEW YORK, DET. MICHAEL CALLOWAY, "JOHN" PAPALEO, DET. "JOHN" BURKE, DET. "JOHN" HOLFESTER, DET. "JOHN" SIGNORELLI, UNDERCOVER # 3786, UNDERCOVER # 16358, UNDERCOVER # 1133, and P.O.s JOHN and JANE DOE #1-10, Individually and in

AMENDED COMPLAINT

06 Civ. 5874 (JSR)

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

D	efendants.
	X

their Official Capacities, (the names John and Jane Doe being

Plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR., by his attorney, ROSE M. WEBER, complaining of the defendants, respectfully alleges as follows:

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

1. Plaintiff brings this action for compensatory damages, punitive damages and attorney's fees pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and 42 U.S.C. § 1988 for violations of his civil rights, as said rights are secured by said statutes and the Constitutions of the State of New York and the United States.

JURISDICTION

- This action is brought pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and 42 U.S.C. § 1988, and the 2. First, Fourth, Fifth, Eighth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.
 - 3. Jurisdiction is founded upon 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1343.

VENUE

4. Venue is properly laid in the Southern District of New York under U.S.C. § 1391(b), in that this is the District in which the claim arose.

JURY DEMAND

5. Plaintiff respectfully demands a trial by jury of all issues in this matter pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 38(b).

PARTIES

- 6. Plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR. is a Latino male, a citizen of the United States, and at all relevant times a resident of the City and State of New York.
- 7. Defendant THE CITY OF NEW YORK was and is a municipal corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of New York.
- 8. Defendant THE CITY OF NEW YORK maintains the New York City Police Department, a duly authorized public authority and/or police department, authorized to perform all functions of a police department as per the applicable sections of the New York State Criminal Procedure Law, acting under the direction and supervision of the aforementioned municipal corporation, City of New York.
- 9. That at all times hereinafter mentioned, the individually named defendants DET. MICHAEL CALLOWAY, SGT. "JOHN" HARRINGTON, DET. "JOHN" PAPALEO, DET. "JOHN" BURKE, DET. "JOHN" CUADRADO, DET. "JOHN" PABON, DET. "JOHN" RAMOS, DET. "JOHN" NEGRON, DET. "JOHN" HOLFESTER, DET. "JOHN" SIGNORELLI, UNDERCOVER # 3786, UNDERCOVER # 16358, UNDERCOVER # 1133, and P.O.s JOHN and JANE DOE #1-10, were duly sworn police officers of said department and were acting under the supervision of said department and according to their official duties.

- 10. That at all times hereinafter mentioned the defendants, either personally or through their employees, were acting under color of state law and/or in compliance with the official rules, regulations, laws, statutes, customs, usages and/or practices of the State or City of New York.
- 11. Each and all of the acts of the defendants alleged herein were done by said defendants while acting within the scope of their employment by defendant THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
- 12. Each and all of the acts of the defendants alleged herein were done by said defendants while acting in furtherance of their employment by defendant THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

FACTS

- 13. On October 17, 2004, at approximately 7:15 p.m., plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR. was lawfully present in front of 3438 Broadway, in the County, City and State of New York.
- 14. At the aforesaid time and place, plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR. was suddenly accosted by members of the New York City Police Department.
- 15. Defendants handcuffed plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR. and placed him under arrest on drug charges, despite defendants' knowledge that they lacked probable cause to do so.
- 16. Defendants pulled plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR.'s pants down around his knees within view of numerous individuals.
- 17. Plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR. was then transported to the 30th Precinct of the New York City Police Department, in Manhattan, New York.
- 18. While at the 30th Precinct, plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR. was subjected to an unlawful strip search.
 - 19. Plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR. was then transported to Manhattan Central Booking.
- 20. Plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR. was held and detained in police custody for approximately five days.

- 21. On or about November 5, 2004, a Grand Jury refused to return a True Bill, resulting in the dismissal of all criminal charges against plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR.
- 22. As a result of the foregoing, plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR. sustained, *inter alia*, emotional distress, embarrassment, and humiliation, and deprivation of his constitutional rights.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF DEPRIVATION OF FEDERAL CIVIL RIGHTS UNDER 42 U.S.C. § 1983

- 23. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs "1" through "22" with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.
- 24. All of the aforementioned acts of defendants, their agents, servants and employees, were carried out under the color of state law.
- 25. All of the aforementioned acts deprived plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR. of the rights, privileges and immunities guaranteed to citizens of the United States by the First, Fourth, Fifth, Eighth and Fourteenth Amendments to the Constitution of the United States of America, and in violation of 42 U.S.C. § 1983.
- 26. The acts complained of were carried out by the aforementioned individual defendants in their capacities as police officers, with all of the actual and/or apparent authority attendant thereto.
- 27. The acts complained of were carried out by the aforementioned individual defendants in their capacities as police officers, pursuant to the customs, usages, practices, procedures, and the rules of the City of New York and the New York City Police Department, all under the supervision of ranking officers of said department.
- 28. Defendants, collectively and individually, while acting under color of state law, engaged in conduct that constituted a custom, usage, practice, procedure or rule of the respective municipality/authority, which is forbidden by the Constitution of the United States.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF FALSE ARREST UNDER 42 U.S.C. § 1983

- 29. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs numbered "1" through "28" with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.
- 30. As a result of the aforesaid conduct by defendants, plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR. was subjected to an illegal, improper and false arrest by the defendants and taken into custody and caused to be falsely imprisoned, detained, and confined, without any probable cause, privilege or consent.
- 31. As a result of the foregoing, plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR.'s liberty was restricted for an extended period of time, he was put in fear for his safety, and he was humiliated and subjected to handcuffing and other physical restraints, without probable cause.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF UNLAWFUL SEARCH UNDER 42 U.S.C. § 1983

- 32. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs numbered "1" through "31" with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.
- 33. Defendants strip-searched plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR. in the absence of any individualized reasonable suspicion that plaintiff was concealing weapons or contraband.
- 34. As a result of the foregoing, plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR. was subjected to an illegal and improper strip search.
- 35. The foregoing unlawful cavity search and strip search violated plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR.'s constitutional right to privacy, as guaranteed by the Fourth, Fifth, and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.

FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF MALICIOUS PROSECUTION UNDER 42 U.S.C. § 1983

- 36. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs numbered "1" through "35" with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.
 - 37. Defendants misrepresented and falsified evidence before the District Attorney.
- 38. Defendants did not make a complete and full statement of facts to the District Attorney.
 - 39. Defendants withheld exculpatory evidence from the District Attorney.
 - 40. Defendants misrepresented and falsified evidence before the Grand Jury.
 - 41. Defendants did not make a complete and full statement of facts to the Grand Jury.
 - 42. Defendants withheld exculpatory evidence from the Grand Jury.
- 43. Defendants were directly and actively involved in the initiation of criminal proceedings against plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR.
- 44. Defendants lacked probable cause to initiate criminal proceedings against plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR.
- 45. Defendants acted with malice in initiating criminal proceedings against plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR.
- 46. Defendants were directly and actively involved in the continuation of criminal proceedings against plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR.
- 47. Defendants lacked probable cause to continue criminal proceedings against plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR.
- 48. Defendants acted with malice in continuing criminal proceedings against plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR.

- 49. Defendants misrepresented and falsified evidence throughout all phases of the criminal proceedings.
- 50. Notwithstanding the perjurious and fraudulent conduct of defendants, the criminal proceedings were terminated in plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR.'s favor on or about November 5, 2004, when a Grand Jury refused to return a True Bill, resulting in the dismissal of all criminal charges.

FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF MALICIOUS ABUSE OF PROCESS UNDER 42 U.S.C. § 1983

- 51. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs numbered "1" through "50" with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.
 - 52. Defendants issued legal process to place plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR. under arrest.
- 53. Defendants arrested plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR. in order to obtain a collateral objective outside the legitimate ends of the legal process.
- 54. Defendants acted with intent to do harm to plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR. without excuse or justification.
- 55. As a result of the foregoing, plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR.'s liberty was restricted for an extended period of time, he was put in fear for his safety, and he was humiliated and subjected to handcuffing and other physical restraints, without probable cause.

SIXTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF FAILURE TO INTERVENE

- 56. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs numbered "1" through "55" with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.
- 57. Each and every individual defendant had an affirmative duty to intervene on plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR.'s behalf to prevent the violation of his constitutional rights.

- 58. The individual defendants failed to intervene on plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR.'s behalf to prevent the violation of his constitutional rights despite having had a realistic opportunity to do so.
- 59. As a result of the aforementioned conduct of the individual defendants, plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR.'s constitutional rights were violated and he was subjected to false arrest and malicious prosecution.

SEVENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF MUNICIPAL LIABILITY

- 60. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs numbered "1" through "59" with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.
- 61. Defendants arrested and incarcerated plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR. in the absence of any evidence of criminal wrongdoing, notwithstanding their knowledge that said arrest and incarceration would jeopardize plaintiff's liberty, well-being, safety and constitutional rights.
- 62. The acts complained of were carried out by the aforementioned individual defendants in their capacities as police officers and officials, with all the actual and/or apparent authority attendant thereto.
- 63. The acts complained of were carried out by the aforementioned individual defendants in their capacities as police officers and officials pursuant to the customs, policies, usages, practices, procedures, and rules of the City of New York and the New York City Police Department, all under the supervision of ranking officers of said department.
- 64. The aforementioned customs, policies, usages, practices, procedures and rules of the City of New York and the New York City Police Department include, but are not limited to, the following unconstitutional practices:

- a) wrongfully arresting minority individuals on the pretext that they were involved in drug transactions;
- b) manufacturing evidence against individuals allegedly involved in drug transactions;
- c) strip-searching prisoners in the absence of any individualized reasonable suspicion; and
- d) arresting innocent persons in order to meet "productivity goals" (i.e., arrest quotas).
- 65. The existence of the aforesaid unconstitutional customs and policies may be inferred from repeated occurrences of similar wrongful conduct, as documented in the following civil rights actions filed against the City of New York:
 - <u>Corey Avent v. City of New York</u>, United States District Court, Eastern District of New York, 04 CV 2451;
 - Reginald McMillan v. City of New York, United States District Court, Eastern District of New York, 04 CV 3990;
 - <u>Michael A. Smith v. City of New York</u>, United States District Court, Eastern District of New York, 04 CV 1045;
 - <u>Benyamin Taylor v. City of New York</u>, United States District Court, Eastern District of New York, 01 CV 5750;
 - <u>Heyward Dotson v. City of New York,</u> United States District Court, Southern District of New York, 03 Civ. 2136;
 - <u>Alvin Williams v. City of New York</u>, United States District Court, Southern District of New York, 05 CV 4013.
- 66. The existence of the aforesaid unconstitutional customs and policies may further be inferred from the admission by Deputy Commissioner Paul J. Browne, as reported by the media on January 20, 2006, that commanders are permitted to set "productivity goals."
- 67. The foregoing customs, policies, usages, practices, procedures and rules of the City of New York and the New York City Police Department constituted a deliberate indifference to the safety, well-being and constitutional rights of plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR.

- 68. The foregoing customs, policies, usages, practices, procedures and rules of the City of New York and the New York City Police Department were the direct and proximate cause of the constitutional violations suffered by plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR. as alleged herein.
- 69. The foregoing customs, policies, usages, practices, procedures and rules of the City of New York and the New York City Police Department were the moving force behind the constitutional violations suffered by plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR. as alleged herein.
- 70. As a result of the foregoing customs, policies, usages, practices, procedures and rules of the City of New York and the New York City Police Department, plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR. was falsely arrested and maliciously prosecuted, and subjected to an unlawful strip-search..
- 71. Defendants, collectively and individually, while acting under color of state law, were directly and actively involved in violating the constitutional rights of plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR.
- 72. Defendants, collectively and individually, while acting under color of state law, acquiesced in a pattern of unconstitutional conduct by subordinate police officers, and were directly responsible for the violation of plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR.'s constitutional rights.
- 73. All of the foregoing acts by defendants deprived plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR. of federally protected rights, including, but not limited to, the right:
 - A. Not to be deprived of liberty without due process of law;
 - B. To be free from seizure and arrest not based upon probable cause;
 - C. To be free from unlawful search;
 - D. To be free from unwarranted and malicious criminal prosecution;
 - E. To be free from malicious abuse of process;
 - F. Not to have cruel and unusual punishment imposed upon him; and
 - G. To receive equal protection under the law.

Case 1:06-cv-05874-JSR Document 7 Filed 10/31/06 Page 11 of 11

74. As a result of the foregoing, plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR. is entitled to

compensatory damages in the sum of three million dollars (\$3,000,000.00) and is further entitled to

punitive damages against the individual defendants in the sum of three million dollars

(\$3,000,000.00).

WHEREFORE, plaintiff ANIBAL VILLA, JR. demands judgment in the sum of

three million dollars (\$3,000,000.00) in compensatory damages and three million dollars

(\$3,000,000.00) in punitive damages, plus reasonable attorney's fees, costs, and disbursements of

this action.

Dated:

New York, New York

November 3, 2006

/s

ROSE M. WEBER (RW 0515) 225 Broadway, Suite 1608 New York, NY 10007

(212) 748-3355